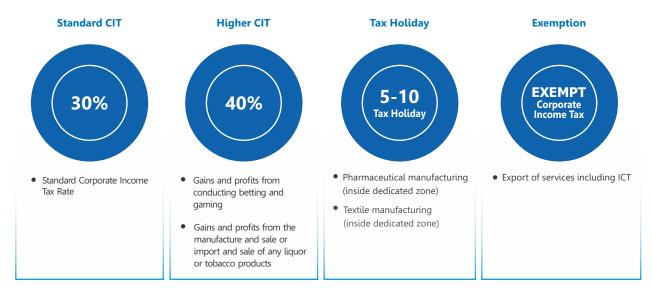
Investment Incentives - 2024

Corporate Income Tax (CIT)



Enhanced Capital Allowance

Enhanced capital allowances are granted to a person (an individual or entity) in addition to the normal depreciation allowance, as given in the below table. This facility is available for persons who make new investments and expansions of existing projects in Sri Lanka.

Total Investment Made	Enhanced Capita	Period for Deducting Unrelieved	
(US\$ Mn.)	Northern Province	Other than Northern Province	Losses
> 3 and ≤ 100	200%	100%	10
>100 and ≤ 1,000	200% 150%		10
>1,000	200%	150%	25

Depreciable Assets:

- Class 1: computers and data handling equipment together with peripheral devices.
- Class 2: buses and minibuses, goods vehicles, construction and earthmoving equipment, heavy general purpose or specialised trucks, trailers and trailers-mounted containers, plant and machinery used in manufacturing.
- Class 3: railroad cars, locomotives, and equipment, vessels, barges, tugs, and similar water transportation equipment, aircraft, specialised public utility plant, equipment, and machinery, office furniture, fixtures and equipment, any depreciable asset not included in another class.
- Class 4: buildings, structures and similar works of a permanent nature.
- Class 5: intangible assets, excluding goodwill.
- Class 6: Milking machines with latest technology, used to manufacture local liquid milk related products.

Exemption of income tax on Employment Income of expatriates during the ECA:

During the period covered by the ECA, the employment income of the company's expatriate employees is entitled to a 0% rate, where:

- The company has incurred more than US\$ 250 Mn on depreciable assets in Sri Lanka, for the period in which that payment is made, out of profits sheltered by ECA allowance, or for 5 years from the commencement of commercial operations, whichever is higher.
- The number of expatriate employees at any time during that period does not exceed twenty.

Customs Duty / Port & Airport Levy (PAL) / CESS Exemptions

Exemptions	Export Oriented		Non-Export Oriented		
(Type of Tax)	Capital Goods	Raw Materials	Capital Goods	Raw Materials	
Customs Duty	Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) for the life time of the project and construction items during project implementation period (PIP)	Exempted for life time of the project	Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) and construction items during project implementation period (PIP)	N/A	
Port Airport Levy (PAL)	Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) and construction items during PIP for enterprises with a capital investment not less than US\$ 50 Mn.	Exempted for life time of the project	Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) and construction items during PIP for enterprises with a capital investment not less than US\$ 50 Mn.	N/A	
Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) and construction items during PIP for enterprises with US\$ 50 Mn. or above investment.		Exempted for life time of the project	Exempted for capital goods (Plant, machinery & equipment) and construction items during PIP for enterprises with US\$ 50 Mn. or above investment.	N/A	

Value Added Tax (VAT) Reductions/Exemptions/Deferments

Exemptions (Type of Tax)	Within Zones ^{√1}	EPZs other than under v1 and Outside Zones			
	Exempted ^{v2} for Capital Goods	Deferred for Capital Goods (Plant, Machinery, Equipment and Construction items) - During project implementation period			
Export Oriented		Further deferred for Plant, Machinery and Equipment for Life time of the project			
	Exempted for Raw Materials : Life time of the project	Deferred for Raw Materials: Life time of the project Special Exemptions for importation of raw materials by Garment manufactures and Fabric manufactures for Life time of the project			
Non-Export Oriented	Deferred for Capital Goods Plant, Machinery, Equipment and	Construction items : During project implementation period			

Note: All exempted suppliers need to pay VAT at the time of importation. They cannot enjoy either VAT exemption or deferment facility

^{v1} Katunayake EPZ, Biyagama EPZ, Koggala EPZ, Kandy IP, Wathupitiwala EPZ, Malwatta EPP, Mirigama EPZ v2 If the investor intends to get local purchases by registering under SVAT, he may enjoy the deferment facility under Section 22(7) of VAT Act.

Special Incentives granted for Specialized Processing Zones

Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Zone – Arabokka, Hambantota

Declared as a Strategic Development Project (under the Strategic Development Project Act No. 14 of 2008)

Exemption from Corporate Income Tax

Type of Income	Tax Concession	Criteria	Upon expiry of Concessions	
Income generated through exports (including deemed exports)	Tax Holiday : 5 – 10 Years	Reckoned from year of profit or 2 years from commencement of commercial operations (whichever comes first)	Prevailing CIT applicable for exporters	
Income generated through import substitution via local sales	Concessionary CIT applicable for exporters : 5 – 10 years	Reckoned from year of profit or 2 years from commencement of commercial operations (whichever comes first)	Prevailing CIT applicable for manufacturers	

Textile Manufacturing Zone - Eravur, Batticaloa

Declared as a Strategic Development Project (under the Strategic Development Project Act No. 14 of 2008)

Exemption from Corporate Income Tax

Investment	Minimum Employment	No. of years (The said exemption period shall be reckoned after one and half years (18 months) from the date in which the enterprise executes the agreement with BOI.)			
(USD Mn)		Tax holiday	50% of CIT Rate Applicable for exporters at that time		
10 ≤ inv <15 15 ≤ inv <20 20 ≤ inv <25 25≤ inv <30 Inv ≥ 30	150 200 300 350 400	5 7 8 9 10	2 2 3 4 5		

After the expiry of the aforesaid tax holiday and concessionary period, for the income generated through;

Deemed exports: sales to companies engaged in manufacturing of apparel for exports.

Exemption from Income Tax for Expatriates

Up to a maximum number of 10 expatriate employees of the enterprise shall be exempted from income tax arising from gains and profits from employment in the enterprise within the zone for a period of 05 years.

i. Exports including deemed exports, the concessionary Corporate Income Tax (CIT) rate applicable for exporters at that time shall be applicable

ii. Import substitution via other sales to local market, the Corporate Income Tax (CIT) rate applicable for manufacturers at that time shall be applicable

Exemptions under Commercial Hub Regulation No. 1 of 2019

(Gazetted under Finance Act No. 12 of 2012 as amended)

Eligible Activities	Minimum Investment (USD Mn)	Annual Re-export/ Export turnover (USD Mn)	Location			
			Free Port (Colombo / Hambantota)	Bonded Area KEPZ/ KGEPZ/BIA	Specified Bonded Area (MRIA/ MIrijjawila)	Outside Free Port/ Bonded Area
Entrepot Trading - An import, minor processing and re-export - Any manufacturing activity for export as defined in the principle act and established	5 (50% in fixed assets within 12 months)	20 (over a period of 5 years)	√ √	√ -	- 🗸	-
in a Specified Bonded Area. Off-shore business where goods can be procured from one country or manufactured in one country and shipped to another country without bringing the same into Sri Lanka	1 (40% in fixed assets within 12 months)	10 (over a period of 5 years)	-	-	-	√
Front-end services to clients abroad			-	-	-	✓
Headquarter Operations of leading buyers for the management of the finance supply chain and billing operations			-	-	-	√
Logistic services such as bonded warehouse or in the case of operation of multi-country consolidation in Sri Lanka	3 (30% in fixed assets within 12 months)	15 (over period of 5 years)	✓	√	-	-

KEPZ- Katunayake Export Processing Zone, KgEPZ- Koggala Export Processing Zone, BIA- Bandaranayake International Airport, MRIA – Mattala Rajapakse International Airport

Note

- At least 65% of total Investment to be from foreign sources including transfers from any approved Foreign Exchange Account.
- · No approval will be granted for logistic services to any re-export business/activities or transshipment related to;
 - Spices and allied products namely pepper, arecanuts, nutmeg, mace, tamarind, cinnamon, clove, ginger, turmeric, and cardamom
 - Waste and /or processing of waste or resource recycling business
- Enterprises referred to the commercial hub regulations are subject to the restrictions and prohibitions imposed in Schedule B to the Customs ordinance
- If any enterprise established in a specified bonded area, and if more than 65% of the domestic demand for such goods/product is being met out
 of imports to the country, 40% of the annual re-export turnover (ex-factory value) of the enterprise is allowed for domestic sale for a maximum
 period of 08 years on annual reconciliation basis. Above concession is limited to; any auto fuels, liquid petroleum gas, propane, butane, and
 fertilizer or any other goods as approved by the Cabinet of Ministers & subject payment of applicable taxes/ duties on goods released to the local
 market.
- Any enterprise that fails to reconcile the value of sale to the domestic market during a year with its export turnover on an annual basis, shall be
 allowed to carry forward that unreconciled value of domestic sales during the initial 4 years from the date of first commercial sale.
- Any goods/product brought for re-export, should not be warehoused or stored for more than 18 months, if stored more than 18 months, will be ordered to send within 30 days from the completion of such 18 months

Exemptions to the Hub Regulations

- Exemptions from the application of Provisions of the following Acts
 - Customs Ordinance (Chapter 235)
 - Foreign Exchange Act No. 12 of 2017
 - Imports & Exports (Control) Act, No. 1 of 1969,
 - Acts referred to in schedule of Part IV of Finance Act No. 12 of 2012 as amended by Finance Act No. 12 of 2013
 - VAT Act No. 14/2002
 - Export Development Act No. 40/1979
 - Special Commodity Levy Act No. 48/2007
 - PAL Act 18/2011
 - Excise SP Act. No 13/1989
- Supply of any goods to an enterprise engaged in the above eligible activities shall be treated as export thus VAT will be zero rated.
- Exemption from the dividend tax, under the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act No. 24 of 2017.